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The Bulletin's circulation in Norwich is Double that of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

ALLIED BLOC MADE OF BULGARIA'S COAST

Italy Has Followed Example of Great Britain and France and Sent Fleet to Aegean Sea

SHIPS WILL ALSO COVER LANDING OF TROOPS

And Possibly in Reducing the Bulgarian Port of Dedegatch, the Terminus of the Railway Leading to Adrianople—Bulgars Have Cut the Railway Leading From Saloniki to Nish—Some of Allied Troops Are on Forced Marches to Aid Serbians—A Big Offensive Movement by Germany Reported at Rheims—Tentative Report Repulse of Russians at Riga.

An imperial manifesto issued at Petrograd characterizes Bulgaria as "the betrayer of the Slav cause" and announces that Russia draws the sword against her.

Italy declares war on Bulgaria, following the example of Great Britain and France, and an Italian squadron has left Brindisi for the near east, presumably to participate in the blockade of the Bulgarian coast on the Aegean sea, extending from the Greek border to the mouth of the Maritza river, a distance of about 60 miles.

These ships might be utilized, in addition, in assisting the British and French in covering the landing of more troops at Saloniki and in reducing the Bulgarian port of Dedegatch, the terminus of the railway line leading northward to Adrianople, European Turkey.

Allies Entering Serbian Campaign.

Whether the allies who landed at Enos are intended to enter the Serbian campaign direct, or will be thrown northward to combat any attempts by the Turks to move westward into the new zone of fighting, or whether they will be started westward to meet the head of the Gallipoli peninsula or the road to Constantinople, has not been permitted to become known.

Operations in Balkans of Great Interest.

The operations in the Balkans, aside from the actual fighting, daily are growing more and more interesting. The fact that the Bulgarians have cut at Vranja the railroad running north from Saloniki to Nish, which necessarily will impede the movement of allied forces up the Morava valley by the route, French and British troops are still landing at Saloniki to go to the aid of the Serbians. Greece has been officially notified by the allied powers that there will be no cessation in the debarkation of men at Saloniki.

Forced Marches of Allied Troops.

So great a number of allied troops have been put ashore at the Greek port that it has been impossible to send the men promptly by rail across the Serbian frontier and some of them are proceeding afoot by forced marches into the theatre of war.

Besides cutting the railway at Vranja, the Bulgarians farther north are operating in the direction of the border toward the fortress of Pirot, which commands the Orient Express railway line between Nish and Sofia. Up in the mountains the Serbians and the Germans and Austrians are still pushing forward their attacks and slowly gaining ground over the Serbs.

A Big German Offensive.

A big offensive movement by the Germans east of Rheims on a front of six miles, which was preceded by a heavy bombardment of German and Austro-Hungarian shells and clouds of chlorine gas, was successful in gaining for the Teutons some of the first line trenches. Counter-attacks, however, resulted in the Germans being forced back to their former positions with heavy losses, according to Paris.

A further gain for the Germans south of Rheims and the Danube would be an attack northwest of Jacobstadt are the only engagements of note mentioned in the latest German official communication.

GERMANY ON DEFENSIVE.

EXCEPT IN SERBIA.

Review of Situation by Major Morant, German Military Critic.

Berlin, Oct. 19.—(By Wireless to Luebeck, N. J.)—Reviewing the military situation in the Berlin Tageblatt, Major Morant, the military critic, notes that the German army is now really on the defensive in France and Russia, she is attacking in Serbia, where she will "shake hands with all her friends and probably be opposed by the armies of all her enemies." Reviewing his article, the Overseas News Agency says:

"The Serbian attack serves the central powers politically and is advancing them toward final victory. Major Morant says, while the French and British offensive was undertaken with enormous forces in mere fury and obstinacy and the efforts of Russia are only designed to regain for her territory which she has lost.

"The discussion between the entente nations regarding their respective participation in the Balkan campaign is still uncompleted. Major Morant points out that regarding the French participation he says that France is unable to spare troops from her home front, while her colored troops are not suitable for service in a Serbian winter campaign. Great Britain's shaken troops, says the critic, would not be able to cope in battle with the victorious German and Austro-Hungarian forces and the enthusiastic Bulgarian troops, he adds, while Italy wishes to make her own war, saving her soldiers and her gold."

ENGLISHMEN PHYSICALLY FIT SHOULD ENLIST

Declaration by Lord Derby, in Charge of Recruiting Problem.

London, Oct. 19, 5 p. m.—Lord Derby, from the government has entrusted the task of advising the recruiting problem, in addressing a mass meeting at the Mansion house this afternoon, gave the gist of the plan with which he hopes to meet the situation.

"I suggest," he said, "that every man who recognizes that the state has a right to call on his services for the defense of the country should be called on to do so. There were no women watchers at the polling place and no women in the vicinity of the polling place."

The president put in a hard day's work going to and coming from the recruiting office, where he was with the train with his stenographer dictating answers to telegrams. He worked on the note to Great Britain replying to the request of the United States that the government should send him a trade which was sent him from the state department some time ago.

"AMERICA FIRST" TITLE OF LITHOGRAPHIC POSTER.

Just issued by the Federal Bureau of Education.

Washington, Oct. 19.—"America First" is the title of a striking lithographic poster just issued by the federal bureau of education, urging citizens to sign themselves for citizenship. It is one of the very few advertisements ever published by the government and probably the only pictorial appeal ever issued outside of those advertising army and navy recruiting.

Learn English, attend night school, become a citizen, it says. "It means a better opportunity and a better home in America. It means a better job. It means a better chance for your children. It means a better America."

If there is none in your town write to the United States bureau of education.

The poster is printed in Italian, Polish, Yiddish, Lithuanian, Bohemian and Hungarian. Investigations by the bureau have disclosed that there are in the United States 3,000,000 foreign-born folk ten years of age and over, who are unable to read or speak English. The poster is being distributed in the United States by the United States bureau of education.

NO CHANGE IN SITUATION AT GENERAL ELECTRIC PLANT.

All Employees Who Do Not Report Today Will Lose Standing for Penalties.

Schenectady, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Neither General Electric company, nor its 13,000 striking employees, made any move today in the eight hour fight which is now in its third week. According to the latest reports, the company has no employees not in the shops at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning cease to work. The strikers, however, who means loss of standing for penalties and necessity for physical examination and reemployment. All but the main gate will be closed at 7 o'clock and the unions will have about 1,000 pickets on duty. Police reports also report for the day that a flying squadron of organizers from the United States is expected tomorrow to hold mass meetings of employees in General Electric plants in this city.

GENERAL REJOICING IN MEXICO CITY.

Over News That General Carranza Has Received Recognition.

Mexico City, Oct. 19.—The news that the government of General Carranza would be recognized by the American republic was received here with scenes of general rejoicing. The latest edition of the newspaper containing the news were eagerly bought by the promenaders and the tidings spread rapidly through the city. The bells in the cathedral were rung and there were fireworks, blowing of whistles and scenes of general animation.

No official celebration of the recognition of General Carranza has yet been planned, as General Gonzalez, the post commander is absent in the city of Toluca on a tour of inspection.

Cabled Paragraphs

New Order in Council Gazetted.

London, Oct. 19, 4:54 p. m.—A new order-in-council has been gazetted prohibiting from today the export of any cotton product whatever, with the exception of two cotton pieces, one cotton waste, except to allied countries in Europe and Spain and Portugal.

British Have Not Recognized Carranza.

London, Oct. 19, 5:50 p. m.—The British government has made no move toward recognizing the Carranza government in Mexico, but according to diplomatic circles British recognition is likely to follow recognition by the United States.

PRESIDENT GETS ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME AT PRINCETON.

Noisy Approval of His Stand on the Suffrage Question.

Washington, Oct. 19.—President Wilson returned to Washington tonight from Princeton, after casting the first ballot. He stopped at a special executive of the United States in favor of woman suffrage.

The president's brief visit to his legal residence was marked by a more enthusiastic welcome from the Princeton students than ever before had been given him on any of his numerous trips there since he entered the White House. The young men gave noisy evidence of their approval of his stand on the suffrage question.

Cheering, singing, whistling and marching in close formation, they greeted the former head of their university uproariously and hundreds of them remained near him from the time he arrived until his departure.

Women suffragists were not much in evidence during the president's visit and only a few approached him to thank him for voting for the cause. There were no women watchers at the polling place and no women in the vicinity of the polling place.

The president put in a hard day's work going to and coming from the recruiting office, where he was with the train with his stenographer dictating answers to telegrams. He worked on the note to Great Britain replying to the request of the United States that the government should send him a trade which was sent him from the state department some time ago.

NO EVIDENCE AGAINST KENNETH G. TRIEST.

Who Is Held in London as a Spy—Trial Set for Nov. 1st.

Washington, Oct. 19.—It became known today that agents of the United States government have investigated the case of Kenneth G. Triest, held in London as a spy and failed to find any evidence which would substantiate the charge. Most of the alleged incriminating documents supporting the charge were letters written by the young man to friends and relatives in this country and intercepted by the British and British agents.

Certain incidents mentioned in the letters never occurred.

Guastave W. Triest, father of the youth, failed to keep an appointment with officials of the state department. He was to have discussed the case of his son, whose trial is set for November 1st.

Not Confined in Tower of London.

London, Oct. 19, 5:45 p. m.—The case of Kenneth G. Triest, the former Princeton student who is being held by the British military authorities on an espionage charge following his enlistment in the British navy, was first called to the attention of the American embassy through the efforts of his family to obtain the young man's discharge from the navy, the embassy has declined to do so.

He is a prisoner. He is not confined in the Tower of London as has been reported, but in some military prison outside London.

Through the intervention of the state department in Washington the young man's trial was postponed. He will be called soon and counsel retained by members of his family will attempt to show that he is of unsound mind.

FOUR GERMAN STEAMERS TORPEDOED IN BALIC SEA.

South of Stockholm—Grews of All the Steamers Were Saved.

Stockholm, via London, Oct. 19, 8:10 p. m.—Four German steamers, the Pernambuco, Soederhamm, Johannes-Russ and Dalafalen, have been torpedoed in the Baltic sea off Okselund, south of Stockholm, by a British submarine. The German ships were bound for Riga and the United States.

The Soederhamm, which was loaded with wood, and the Pernambuco with grain, were bound for Germany. The Dalafalen and Johannes-Russ were bound for Riga.

The Pernambuco was a vessel of 7,785 tons, the Soederhamm of 1,499 tons and the Johannes-Russ of 1,751 tons. The Dalafalen, a smaller ship, was also sunk.

The crews of all the steamers were saved.

RIGHT OF SENECA INDIANS TO FISH AND HUNT.

On Lands of Their Fathers to Be Passed On By Supreme Court.

Washington, Oct. 19.—The rights of Seneca Indians to fish and hunt on the lands of their fathers, unimpaired by the destruction of the Seneca reservation, was the issue in a case argued today in the Supreme Court.

The Seneca reservation in New York, created by treaty in 1797, reserved unrestricted fishing and hunting rights.

The chief of police of Norfolk and nearby cities have been asked to arrest the militiamen, who are said to have been seen in Newport News Sunday.

The officers were granted shore leave before the issuance of an order last week that all members of the crews of both the Prinz Eitel Friedrich and the Prinz Reginald should be kept aboard their ships at the navy yard until the absence of six half-blooded sailors was accounted for.

The sailors obtained leave of absence for a sail on a power boat they had purchased and are believed now to be making their way down the Atlantic coast.

JURY SELECTED TO TRY "MOONSHINE CONSPIRATORS."

For Alleged Intent to Defraud United States of Revenue Tax.

Fort Smith, Ark., Oct. 19.—A jury to try nine of the defendants in the "moonshine conspiracy" case was obtained in the United States district court today and the opening statement of the government was begun.

The indictment on which the government elected to try the first cases against the alleged conspirators charges that John L. Casper, Leo F. Brock, John Coffey, Fred Bowen, George Hartman, John Farris, S. L. Williams, Charles Brewbaker and G. Henry Brown unlawfully carried on the business of distilling with intent to defraud the United States government of the tax imposed on distilled spirits.

Federal agents declare the government has lost thousands of dollars as a result of the operations of the alleged moonshiners.

LAKE MOHONK CONFERENCE.

ON INDIANS AND DEPENDENTS.

Samuel A. Eliot of Boston, an Indian Commissioner, is to preside.

Mohonk Lake, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Samuel A. Eliot of Boston, a member of the Indian Bureau, will preside at the Lake Mohonk conference on the Indians and other dependent people, which begins today and will continue tomorrow. Some 300 persons, most of them actively identified with governmental work, are expected to be present.

The Indians, Filipinos and Porto Ricans were here tonight to attend the meeting.

PIONEER BRITISH ARMORER DEAD.

London, Oct. 19, 4:11 p. m.—Colonel T. E. Vickers, a pioneer in the British armament industry, died today.

Mexican Train Wreckers Killed Carranza Formally Recognized Chief

BY GOVERNMENTS PARTY TO RECENT CONFERENCES.

NOTES COUCHED ALIKE

Washington, Oct. 19.—Venustiano Carranza formally recognized today as the chief executive of the republic of Mexico by the governments of the United States, Brazil, Chile, Argentina, Colombia and Nicaragua.

Six Latin-American countries, also, the diplomatic representatives of the first six Latin-American countries, settled in the order of the Carranza conference on Mexican affairs, but the action of Colombia and Nicaragua indicates that all the other republics of the western hemisphere will follow the lead of their sister nations in extending recognition.

Each Sent a Letter.

Each of the governments sent a letter to Eliseo Arredondo, personal representative here of Carranza. All were couched in the same terms, and that of the United States added a formal expression of an intention soon to accredit an ambassador to Carranza.

Henry Prather Fletcher, at present American ambassador to Chile, virtually was the only one of the Latin-American ambassadors to Mexico. Although a republican in politics, he was elevated from the rank of minister to ambassador by President Taft after a long and successful record in the diplomatic service. He was educated for the law and had in Mexico, during his stay, for many years. He enlisted with the Rough Riders and later served in the Philippines. He began as second secretary of the Legation in Mexico City in 1902 and has been in the diplomatic service ever since, serving in China, Portugal and Chile.

Secretary Lansing's Letter.

Secretary Lansing's letter of recognition referred only to the intention to accredit an ambassador soon. Its text was as follows:

"Eliseo Arredondo, Esq.,
"Washington, D. C., Oct. 19, 1915.
"My Dear Mr. Arredondo: It is my pleasure to inform you that the government of the United States takes this opportunity of extending recognition to the de facto government of Mexico, of which you are the representative, and to designate and appoint you as its representative and, reciprocally, the representative of the de facto government of Mexico to the United States. I am, very sincerely yours,
"ROBERT LANSING,
"Secretary of State."

BREAKING OF LEAVE BY INTERMED GERMAN OFFICERS.

Reported to Navy Department By Rear Admiral Beatty.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Breaking of leave by three officers of the crew of the interned German auxiliary cruiser, the Prinz Eitel Friedrich, was reported to the navy department today by Rear Admiral Beatty, commander of the fleet. The three officers, who were aboard their ship Sunday and when they failed to appear yesterday the captain notified Admiral Beatty.

The chief of police of Norfolk and nearby cities have been asked to arrest the militiamen, who are said to have been seen in Newport News Sunday.

The officers were granted shore leave before the issuance of an order last week that all members of the crews of both the Prinz Eitel Friedrich and the Prinz Reginald should be kept aboard their ships at the navy yard until the absence of six half-blooded sailors was accounted for.

The sailors obtained leave of absence for a sail on a power boat they had purchased and are believed now to be making their way down the Atlantic coast.

DATE OF WEDDING OF PRESIDENT AND MRS. GALT.

Announcement Is Expected This Week—Have Reached a Decision.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Announcement of the date of the wedding of President Wilson and Mrs. Galt is expected this week. The president and Mrs. Galt are understood to have reached a decision. It is said to be probable that the wedding will take place during the Christmas holidays, though it may be earlier.

Miss Margaret Wilson, the president's only unmarried daughter, who finished a short course at the University of Ohio today will arrive at the White House tomorrow or Thursday. Soon afterward the start of a series of musicals to be given by her will be held at the White House.

COMPLAINTS FROM INMATES OF SOLDIERS' HOME AT NOROTON.

Have Been Made To Governor Hall—Understood To Be About Food.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 19.—Complaints have been made to Gov. Holcomb of the treatment of the inmates of the Soldiers' Home at Noroton. Governor Holcomb admitted today that complaints had been made to him but he declined to discuss the matter further. He said that he had no right to say that the complaints were receiving his earnest attention and that he had hopes that everything would be all right at the home. It is understood that the complaints refer to an epidemic of the quality of the food served the inmates.

14 Men Killed and Five Seriously Injured.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 19.—A wagon load of dynamite to be used for blasting blew up while it was being hauled to the yard of the Granite Mountain mine of the North Butte company today and 14 men were killed and five seriously injured, one of whom will die.

Most of the men killed were at work in the buildings of the mine. Four of the men were blown to atoms.

Pioneer British Armorer Dead.

London, Oct. 19, 4:11 p. m.—Colonel T. E. Vickers, a pioneer in the British armament industry, died today.

DEFEAT OF SUFFRAGE IN NEW JERSEY

Conceded by Mrs. E. F. Feichart, President of New Jersey Suffrage Association

ONLY ONE COUNTY OF THE 21 VOTED YES

Indications Are That the Vote Against Was Decisive—Figures from Returns Indicate It Was Beaten 50,000 or 60,000—President Wilson's Own Precinct in Princeton Borough Voted Against the Amendment 150 to 64—In Some Sections of the State the Early Returns Indicated a Majority of Two to One Against Votes for Women.

Jersey City, Oct. 19.—The defeat of woman suffrage in New Jersey was conceded at 10:30 o'clock tonight by Mrs. E. F. Feichart, president of the New Jersey State Suffrage Association. Her admission was borne out by official early returns from every section of the state which indicated that the majority against suffrage was decisive.

A report from Athens states that eight classes of the Greek reserve army were ordered demobilized.

The funeral of George Shag-Na-Bay, an Indian who claimed to be 118 years of age, was held at Hart, Mich.

Secretary Garrison announced that the new term of his calls for abandonment of no army posts.

A contract for a 12,000-ton steamship was received by the American Shipbuilding Co. from the Interstate Steamship Co.

The war department announced that it recommended \$1,000,000 to be expended for coast defenses during the next four years.

The Henday Machine Co.'s plant at Torrington resumed operations after being idle for six weeks because of the strike of 500 men.

Victor E. Bender of Springfield, until recently publisher of the Springfield News, died at Galesburg, Ill., hospital of Bright's disease.

The plant of the Benwood Brewing Co. at Wheeling, W. Va., idle since the state was dry, will be converted into a war munition factory.

Floyd Gilbert, captain of the Grangeville High school football team, was killed from a broken neck sustained in a game at Moscow, Idaho.

Major von Planitz, an officer on the staff of Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm of Germany, was killed on the firing line in the Argonne.

An order for 5,000,000 yards of overcoating cloth to cost \$750,000 was placed with the American Woolen Co. by the Russian government.

Burglars entered the office of the United States revenue collector at Evansville, Ind., and escaped with \$15,000 in emergency war stamps.

General Carranza's fleet captured Villa's fleet in the Gulf of Mexico. The navy consisted of the gunboat Benito, which Carranza's fleet comprised two vessels.

The United States supreme court set Nov. 1 as the date for the argument of the government against the right of private families who will ascertain during the week of the session, a number of missionaries from foreign lands were expected to arrive for their special office in coming being to attend the 104th annual meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions which will begin Sunday and continue three days. It is expected that aside from the council session, the missionaries will make the addresses and reports made by missionaries who have come from several from Asiatic Turkey, where they have experienced siege, privation and have been unwilling to make sacrifices of Armenians by the Turks. Rev. Ernest C. Partridge comes from the training school at Sivas, where he has been working for some time. He is from the stricken station at Bitlis, and Rev. Clarence D. Usher has been working in the stricken station at Van. The missionaries will be accompanied by a number of Armenian students who have been in the United States for some time. The five-year building programme contemplated by the government, of ten dreadnaughts, six battle cruisers, fifteen sea-going submarines at coast defense vessels, four destroyers, one hospital ship, two ammunition ships, two fuel oil ships and one replenishment ship, will be built and in commission late in 1924.

On naval aviation it is proposed to expend \$4,000,000 during the next year and on reserve munitions \$25,000,000, these figures with the addition of \$15,000,000 for completion of ships now authorized or now under construction, make up the total of more than half a billion dollars expected upon the navy in addition to the regular budget which approximates \$100,000,000 a year.

MELLEN TO TAKE STAND AS GOVERNMENT WITNESS

In Trial of New Haven Directors on "Monopoly" Charge.

New York, Oct. 19.—Charles S. Mellen, president of the New Haven and Hartford Railroad company, will take the stand tomorrow as a witness for the government in the trial of William B. Rockefeller, Lewis Case Ledyard, Edward D. Robbins and eight other defendants charged as directors of the road in monopolizing transportation traffic of New England by unlawful methods.

Through Mr. Mellen the government expects to prove that a majority of the alleged unlawful acts committed by the New Haven directors which Robert I. Batts, attorney for the defendants, has for two days been describing to the jury. Mr. Batts completed his address today, the longest of its kind in the history of the federal court in this district.

Mr. Mellen will not probably take the stand until the afternoon, as the government will use much documentary evidence, using as witnesses therefore Arthur Clark, the present secretary of the New Haven, and Arthur Russell, its valuation counsel.

PRISONER EXECUTED IN LONDON FOR ESPIONAGE

Another Sentenced to Five Years' Penal Servitude by Court Martial.

London, Oct. 19, 4:38 p. m.—Two prisoners charged with espionage and tried by court martial in London were both found guilty and one was sentenced to death and the other to five years' penal servitude, the press bureau of the war office announced today.

The prisoner sentenced to death was executed this morning, the announcement said.

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\$5,000 REWARD FOR ARREST OF MICHAEL A. ROFRANO

Former New York Street Commissioner, Indicted for Murder.

New York, Oct. 19.—The board of aldermen today passed a resolution authorizing the mayor to offer a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of Michael A. Rofrano, former street commissioner, who was indicted for murder several weeks ago.

A national search for Rofrano was begun when he was charged with being implicated in a murder growing out of an East Side political feud.

CONNECTICUT SUFFRAGISTS IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

Reception by Members of the Executive Board in Hartford Rooms.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 19.—The Connecticut Woman's Suffrage association closed the first day of its annual convention here today with a reception followed by a reception by members of the executive board to those who were present at the annual meeting of the association's rooms in Pratt street. The delegates were met by Mrs. M. Toscan Bennett and those who spoke were Miss Butts-Ross of Greenwich, Mrs. Ernest Stetson of Greenwich, Mrs. Blanch Hammond of Greenwich, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton.

RECEIVED BY MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD IN HARTFORD ROOMS.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 19.—The Connecticut Woman's Suffrage association closed the first day of its annual convention here today with a reception followed by a reception by members of the executive board to those who were present at the annual meeting of the association's rooms in Pratt street. The delegates were met by Mrs. M. Toscan Bennett and those who spoke were Miss Butts-Ross of Greenwich, Mrs. Ernest Stetson of Greenwich, Mrs. Blanch Hammond of Greenwich, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton, Mrs. E. F. Feichart of Princeton.